

AACR-NCI-EORTC Virtual International Conference on

MOLECULAR TARGETS AND CANCER THERAPEUTICS

October 7-10, 2021



AB521 potently and selectively inhibits pro-tumorigenic gene transcription by Hypoxia-Inducible Factor (HIF)-2 α *in vitro* and *in vivo*

Dana Piovesan, Soonweng Cho, Kenneth V Lawson, Patrick G Schweickert, Alejandra Lopez, Suan Liu, Timothy Park, Artur Mailyan, Jeremy TA Fournier, Joel W Beatty, Samuel L Drew, Jarek Kalisiak, Balint Gal, Guillaume Mata, Zhang Wang, Brandon R Rosen, Clayton Hardman, Matthew P Epplin, Kai Yu, Karl T Haelsig, Lixia Jin, Elaine Ginn, Jennie Au, Cesar A Meleza, Joel Tencer, Amber Pham, Hyock Joo Kwon, Stephen W Young, Manmohan Leleti, Jay P Powers, Matthew J Walters, Kelsey E Sivick Gauthier

Arcus Biosciences, Hayward, CA, USA

#P206

Kelsey E. Sivick Gauthier

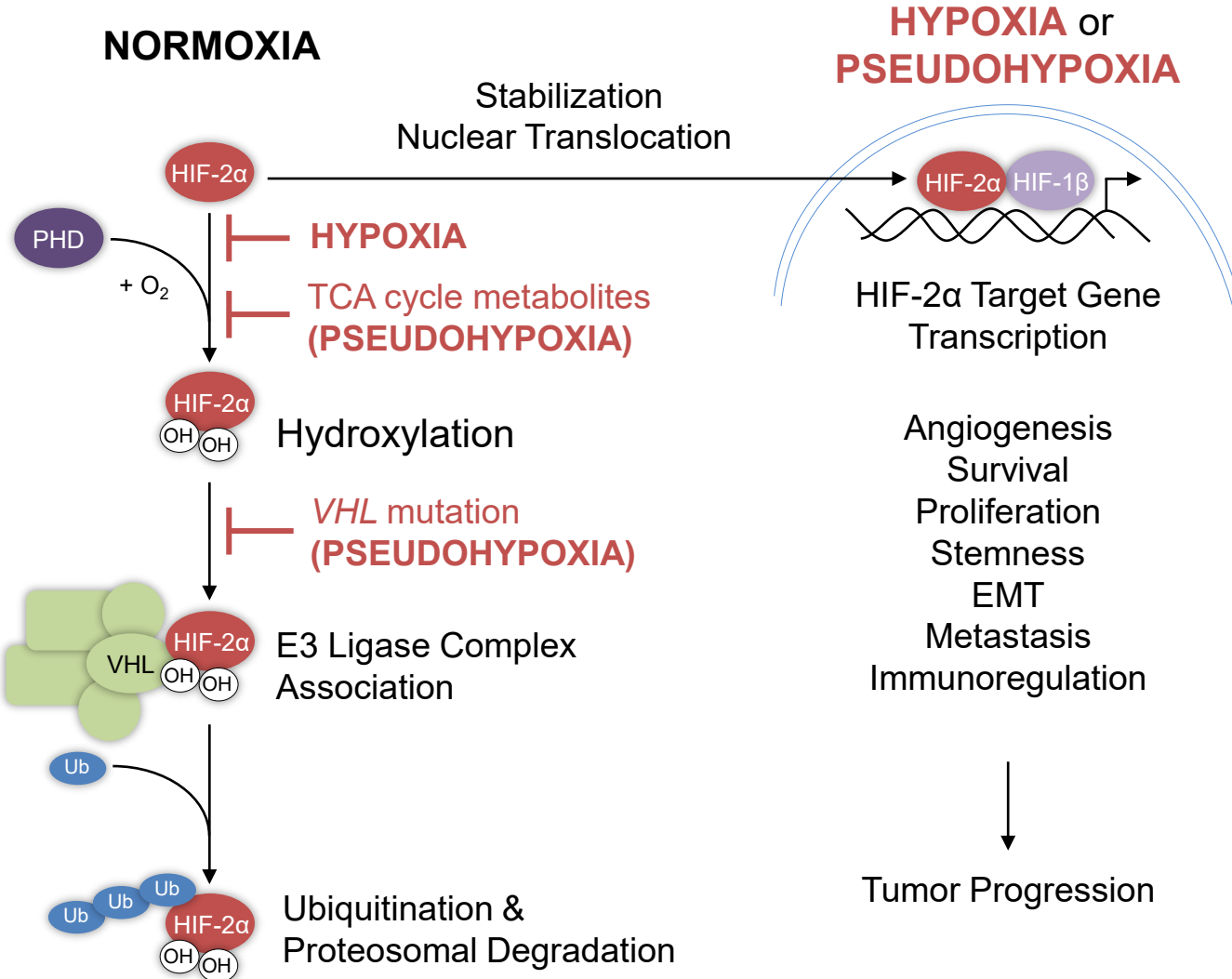
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Stockholder in: Arcus Biosciences (RCUS)

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HIF-2 α Drives Expression of Pro-Tumorigenic Genes in Hypoxic or Pseudohypoxic Conditions



➤ Background

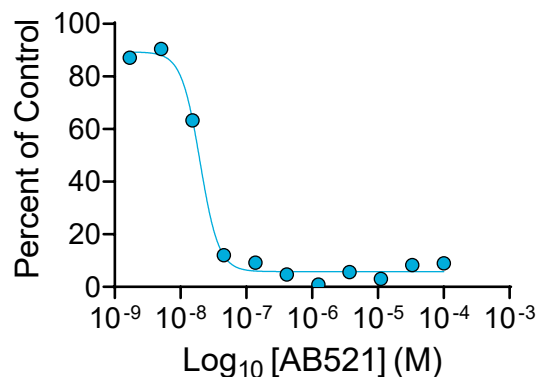
- HIF is a heterodimeric transcription factor
- HIF-2 α activity can drive tumor progression in hypoxia or pseudohypoxia
- Inhibition of heterodimer formation with an allosteric small molecule is an effective strategy to mitigate tumor growth, particularly in patients with VHL disease or clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC)

➤ Objective

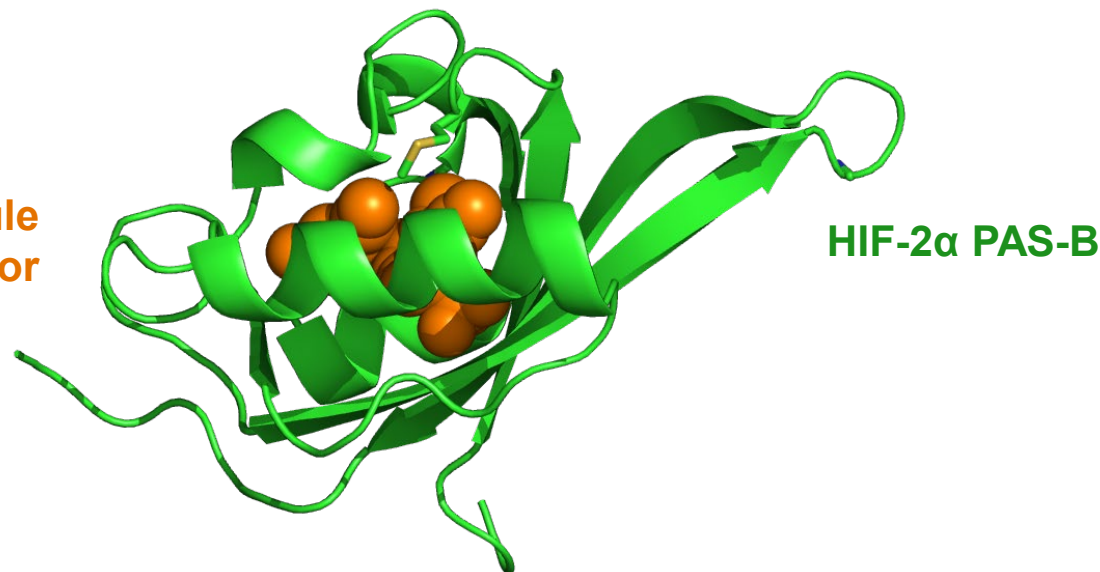
- Applying a pharmacophore mapping and structure-based design approach, we identified a novel and potent small molecule HIF-2 α inhibitor, AB521
- Herein we characterize AB521 in a suite of biophysical, biochemical, cellular, pharmacological, and pharmacokinetic assays

AB521 Binds the HIF-2 α PAS-B Domain With High Affinity

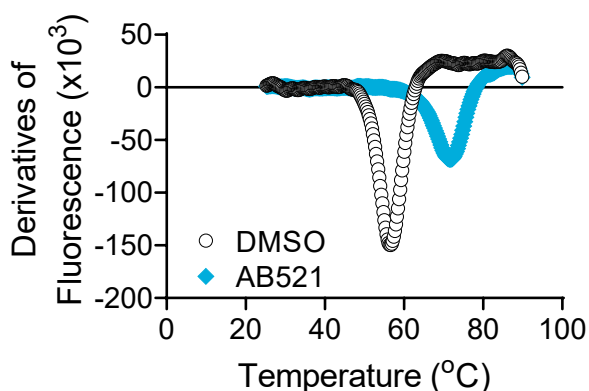
Scintillation Proximity Assay



**Small Molecule
Series Predecessor**



Thermal Shift Assay



HIF-2 α PAS-B Binding Assay (Units, Metric)	AB521	MK-6482 ¹
Scintillation Proximity Assay ² (nM, IC ₅₀ \pm SD)	16.6 \pm 5.0 (n=8)	22.3 \pm 5.6 (n=5)
Thermal Shift Assay ² (°C, Δ T _m \pm SD)	14.7 \pm 0.6 (n=14)	12.1 \pm 0.3 (n=4)
Microscale Thermophoresis (nM, K _D \pm SD)	2.4 \pm 0.8 (n=3)	15.4 \pm 2.7 (n=3)

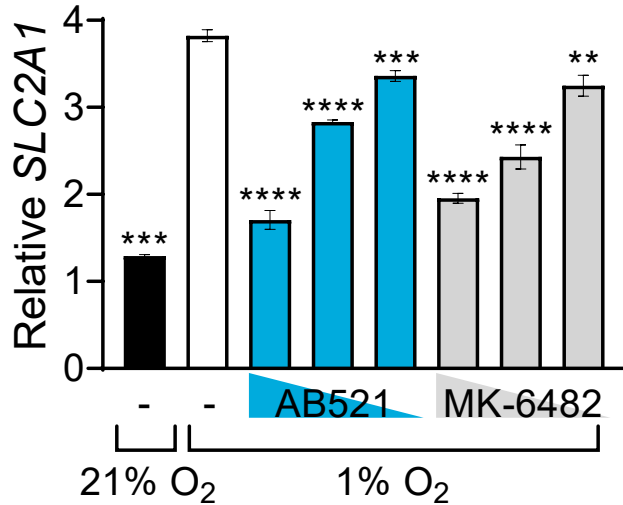
nM, nanomolar; IC₅₀, half-maximal inhibitory concentration; SD, Standard Deviation; n, number of assay replicates; °C, degrees Celsius; Δ T_m, change in melting point; K_D, equilibrium dissociation constant

¹MK-6482 (PT2977, belzutifan, Welireg) synthesized by Arcus using methodology published in Xu *et al.* DOI: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.9b00719

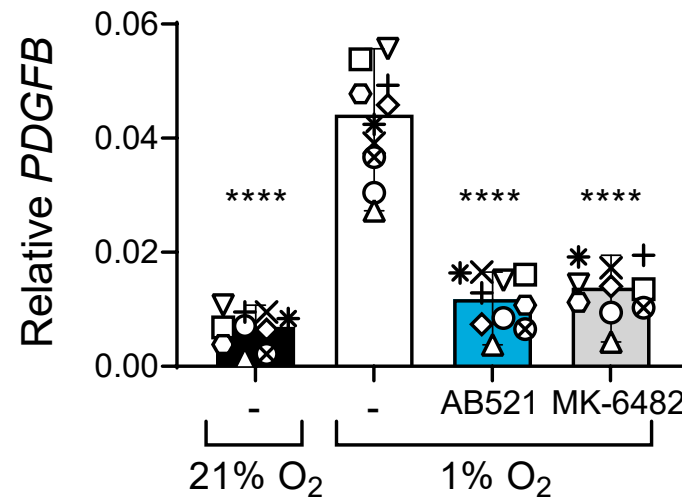
²Representative assay runs shown on left

AB521 Selectively Inhibits Endogenous HIF-2 α Dependent Transcription in Human Cells

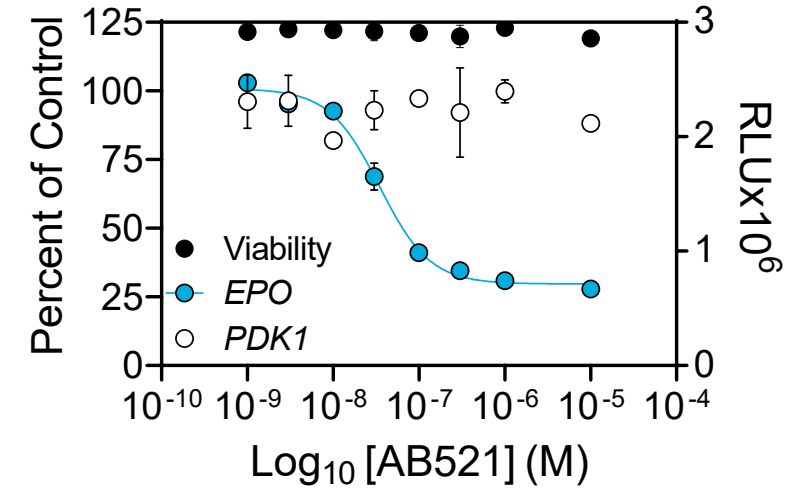
HUVEC
Endothelial Cells
Pro-Angiogenic Transcription



CD14⁺ Monocyte-Derived
M2-Polarized Macrophages
Pro-Tumorigenic Transcription



Hep3B Hepatocellular Carcinoma
HIF-1 α vs HIF-2 α
Gene Transcription

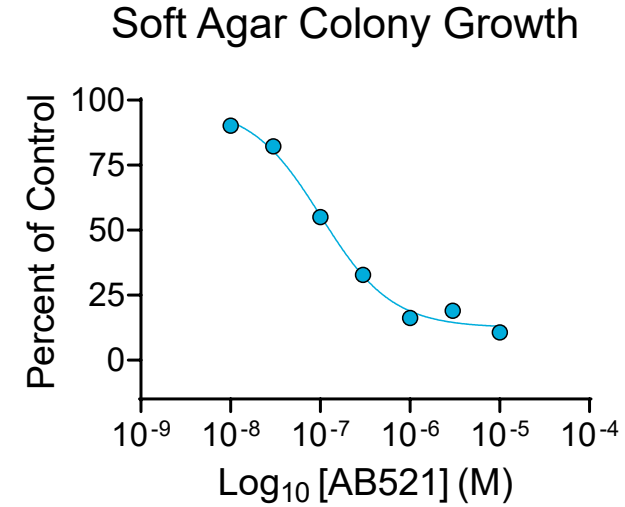
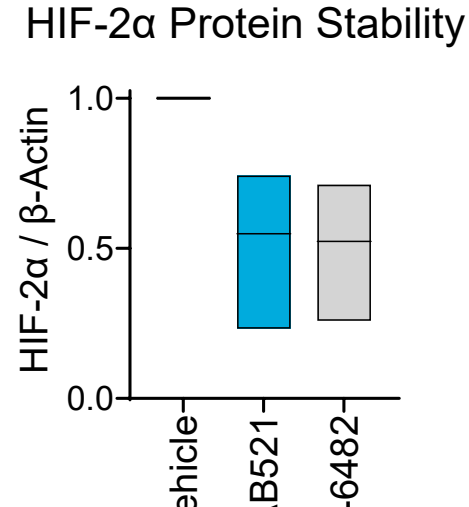
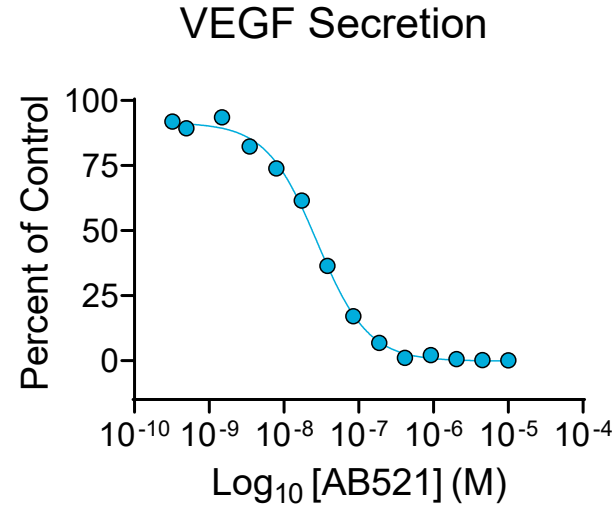
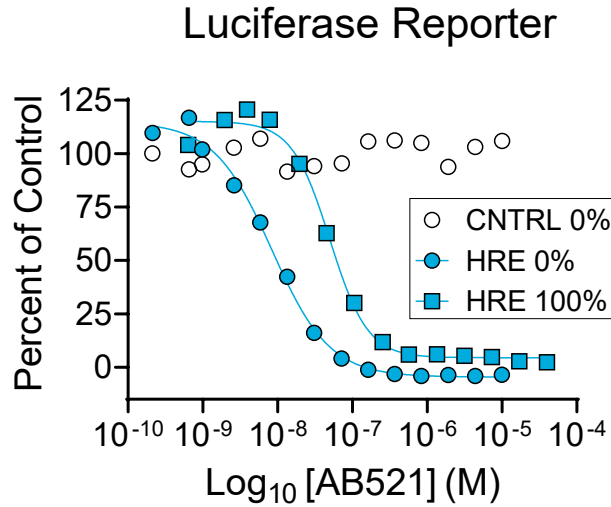


- Representative experiment (n=3); -, DMSO; 1.0, 0.03, 0.01 μ M compound; Stats, ANOVA with multiple comparisons test for each group vs DMSO 1% O₂ group
- Similar results seen for *ADM*, *AKAP12*, *DLL4*, and *SLC2A3* genes

- Three experiments pooled, each symbol represents an individual donor (n=10); -, DMSO; 1.0 μ M compound; Stats, ANOVA with multiple comparisons test for each group vs DMSO 1% O₂ group
- Similar results seen for *ADM* and *SERPINE1* genes

- Representative experiment (n=3)
- Right y-axis, Viability (CellTiter-Glo); RLU, luminescence
- Left y-axis, *EPO* (HIF-2 α -specific) & *PDK1* (HIF-1 α -specific) transcript
- Similar results seen for *SERPINE1* (HIF-2 α -specific) and *PGK1* (HIF-1 α -specific) genes

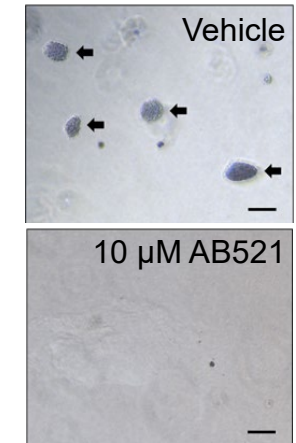
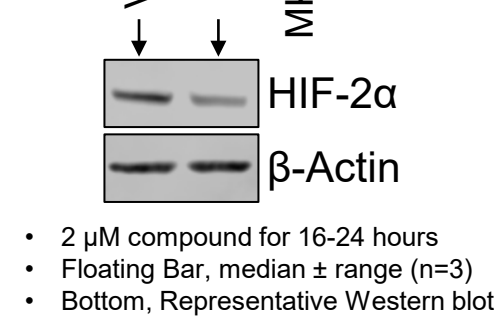
AB521 Inhibits Colony Formation and HIF-2 α Activity in *VHL* mutated 786-O ccRCC Cells



Assay ¹	AB521 IC ₅₀ nM ± SD	MK-6482 IC ₅₀ nM ± SD
HRE reporter 0%	8.21 ± 2.5 (n=24)	16.9 ± 10.1 (n=8)
HRE reporter 100%	46.5 ± 14.2 (n=24)	61.8 ± 6.6 (n=4)
CNTRL reporter 0%	> 10,000 (n=6)	> 10,000 (n=6)
VEGF secretion	28.9 ± 3.6 (n=11)	47.7 ± 30.8 (n=4)
Soft agar colony growth	51.2 ± 37.2 (n=5)	54.6 ± 45.2 (n=5)

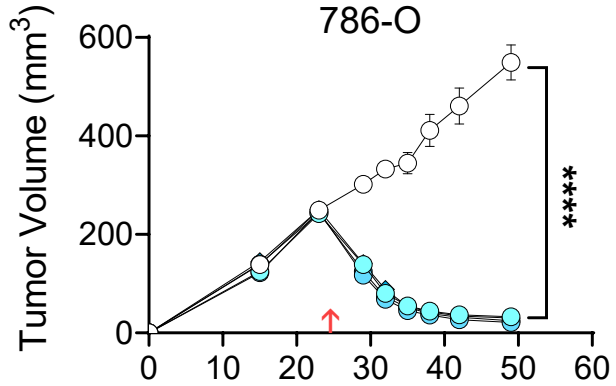
IC₅₀, half-maximal inhibitory concentration; nM, nanomolar; SD, Standard Deviation; n, number of assay replicates; HRE, hypoxia response element reporter; CNTRL, control reporter; 0% or 100%, percentage human serum

¹Representative assay curves shown on top



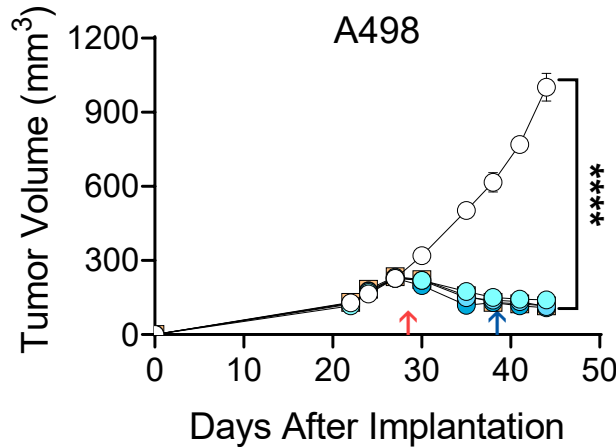
- Arrow, colony
- Bar, 100 μ m

AB521 Inhibits Tumor Growth and HIF-2 α Activity in ccRCC Tumor-Bearing Mice



○ Vehicle
○ 10 mg/kg
○ 30 mg/kg
● 100 mg/kg
◆ 100 mg/kg

↑ Dose start



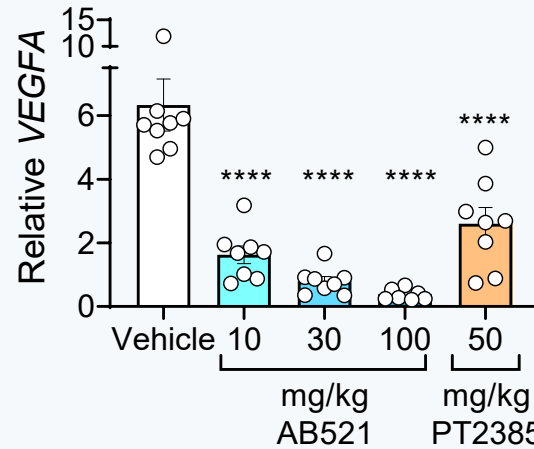
○ Vehicle
○ 10 mg/kg
○ 30 mg/kg
● 100 mg/kg
■ 50 mg/kg PT2385

↑ Dose start
↑ PD Assessment
(Right Panel)

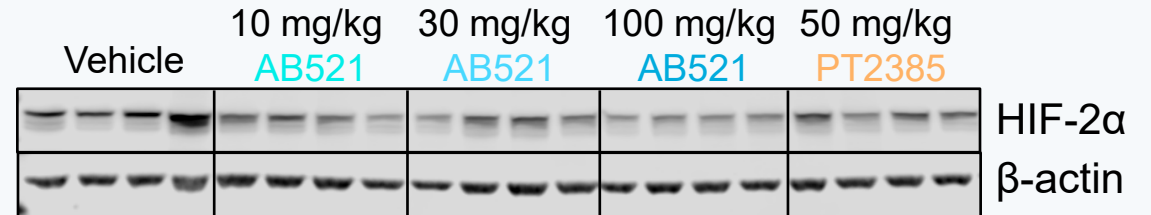
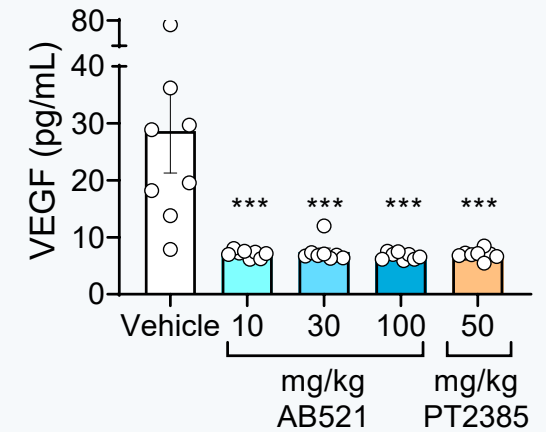
- **Circles**, Vehicle or AB521 given orally twice-daily; **Diamond**, AB521 given orally once-daily; **Square**, PT2385 (synthesized by Arcus using methodology published in Wehn *et al.* DOI: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.8b01196) given orally once-daily
- Efficacy (n=10) and PD data representative of two independent experiments; Stats, ANOVA with multiple comparisons test for each group vs Vehicle

10 Days After Treatment PD Assessment in A498 Model

VEGF RNA (Tumor)



VEGF Protein (Plasma)



- Top, each symbol represents an individual mouse
- Bottom, Western blot; Each lane contains tumor lysate from an individual mouse

AB521 is Expected To Be Suitable For Once-daily Oral Dosing in Humans

Pharmacokinetic Properties of AB521							CYP Isoform IC ₅₀ (µM) ¹				
Species	Hepatocytes		<i>in vivo</i>				2C8	2C9	2C19	2D6	3A4
	CL _{int} (µL/min/10 ⁶ cells)	T _{1/2} (h)	CL (L/h/kg)	V _{ss} (L/kg)	T _{1/2} (h)	F (%)					
Mouse ¹	2.7	10.8	1.22	2.2	1.4	ND	>100	60.6	>100	>100	>100
Rat ¹	2.8	10.3	0.91	2.3	2.2	51					
Dog ¹	<0.7	>40	0.05	1.1	16	75					
Human ²	<0.7	>40	<i>0.012</i> (projected)	<i>0.86</i> (projected)	<i>50</i> (projected)	<i>60</i> (projected)					

¹Inhibition human drug metabolizing enzymes of the cytochrome P450 family (CYP) IC₅₀, half-maximal inhibitory concentration; µM, micromolar

- AB521 exhibited a favorable *in vitro* profile with low intrinsic clearance in dog and human hepatocytes and moderate-to-low clearance in rat and dog
- AB521 exhibited negligible inhibition against a panel of CYP isoforms and no time-dependent CYP inhibition (not shown)

¹IV dosage: 0.25 mg/kg (mouse and rat), 0.33 mg/kg (dog)

²Projected human *in vivo* PK parameters determined by allometry (mouse, rat, and dog)

CL_{int}, intrinsic clearance; T_{1/2}, elimination half-life; CL, total body clearance; V_{ss}, steady-state volume of distribution determined by Øie-Tozer method; F, oral bioavailability; µL, microliter; min, minute; h, hour; L, liter; kg, kilogram;

ND, not determined

AB521 is a Novel and Selective HIF-2 α Inhibitor That is Ready For Clinical Evaluation



- AB521 binds the HIF-2 α PAS-B domain with a high affinity
- AB521 potently inhibited 1) HIF-2 α -specific reporter activity under no and high-serum conditions, 2) VEGF protein secretion, 3) colony formation in soft agar, and did not exhibit off-target cytotoxicity in 786-O cells *in vitro*
- AB521 selectively inhibited HIF-2 α -, but not HIF-1 α -, mediated gene expression in hypoxic Hep3B cells
- AB521 inhibited the transcriptional activity of endogenous HIF-2 α in primary human cells, including angiogenic endothelial cells and pro-tumorigenic M2-polarized macrophages
- When delivered orally in mice, AB521 regressed established 786-O and A498 ccRCC xenograft tumors and decreased pharmacodynamic markers associated with HIF-2 α in a statistically significant manner
- AB521 has a favorable preclinical PK profile and is projected to be suitable for once-daily oral dosing in humans
- Inhibiting HIF-2 α did not impact functionality of activated hypoxic human T cells, and gene signature score correlations across the cancer genome atlas (TCGA) suggest that AB521 may be a favorable combination partner for I-O therapeutic agents¹
- Clinical evaluation of AB521 is expected to begin in the latter part of 2021

¹<https://arcusbio.com/publications/>: Gauthier KES (2019) AACR-NCI-EORTC, Piovesan D (2020) Keystone Symposia (Hypoxia: Molecules, Mechanisms, & Disease), Piovesan D (2020) SITC